

Mathematical studies
Standard level
Paper 2

Friday 5 May 2017 (morning)

1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions to candidates

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- A clean copy of the **mathematical studies SL formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- Answer all the questions in the answer booklet provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[90 marks]**.

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page. You are advised to show all working, where possible. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. Solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working, for example, if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer.

1. [Maximum mark: 14]

The following table shows the average body weight, x , and the average weight of the brain, y , of seven species of mammal. Both measured in kilograms (kg).

Species	Average body weight, x (kg)	Average weight of the brain, y (kg)
Cat	3	0.026
Cow	465	0.423
Donkey	187	0.419
Giraffe	529	0.680
Goat	28	0.115
Jaguar	100	0.157
Sheep	56	0.175

- (a) Find the range of the average body weights for these seven species of mammal. [2]
- (b) For the data from these seven species
 - (i) calculate r , the Pearson’s product–moment correlation coefficient;
 - (ii) describe the correlation between the average body weight and the average weight of the brain. [4]
- (c) Write down the equation of the regression line y on x , in the form $y = mx + c$. [2]

The average body weight of grey wolves is 36 kg.

- (d) Use your regression line to estimate the average weight of the brain of grey wolves. [2]

In fact, the average weight of the brain of grey wolves is 0.120 kg.

- (e) Find the percentage error in your estimate in part (d). [2]

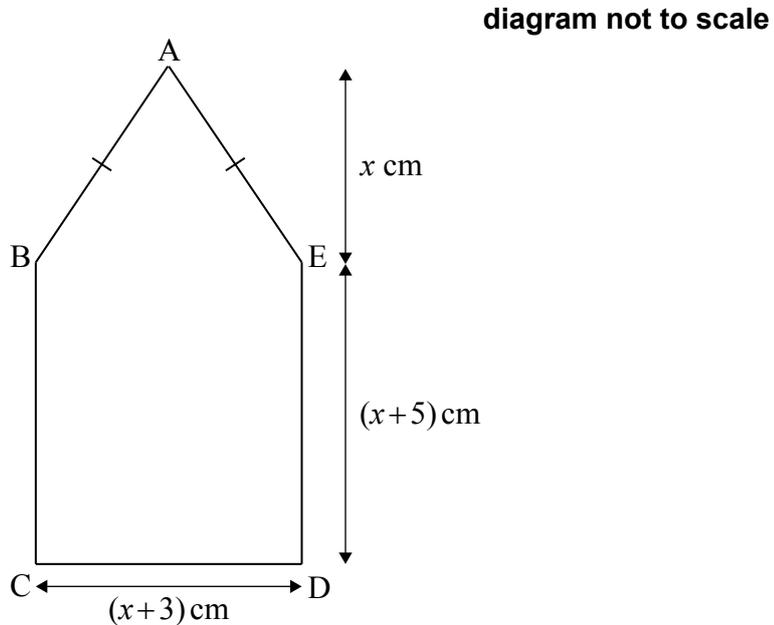
The average body weight of mice is 0.023 kg.

- (f) State whether it is valid to use the regression line to estimate the average weight of the brain of mice. Give a reason for your answer. [2]

2. [Maximum mark: 16]

The base of an electric iron can be modelled as a pentagon ABCDE, where:

BCDE is a rectangle with sides of length $(x + 3)$ cm and $(x + 5)$ cm;
 ABE is an isosceles triangle, with $AB = AE$ and a height of x cm;
 the area of ABCDE is 222 cm^2 .



- (a) (i) Write down an **equation** for the area of ABCDE using the above information.
- (ii) Show that the equation in part (a)(i) simplifies to $3x^2 + 19x - 414 = 0$. [4]
- (b) Find the length of CD. [2]
- (c) Show that angle $\hat{BAE} = 67.4^\circ$, correct to one decimal place. [3]

Insulation tape is wrapped around the perimeter of the base of the iron, ABCDE.

- (d) Find the length of the perimeter of ABCDE. [3]

F is the point on AB such that $BF = 8 \text{ cm}$. A heating element in the iron runs in a straight line, from C to F.

- (e) Calculate the length of CF. [4]

3. [Maximum mark: 14]

Consider the function $f(x) = 0.3x^3 + \frac{10}{x} + 2^{-x}$.

- (a) Calculate $f(1)$. [2]
- (b) Sketch the graph of $y = f(x)$ for $-7 \leq x \leq 4$ and $-30 \leq y \leq 30$. [4]
- (c) Write down the equation of the vertical asymptote. [2]
- (d) Write down the coordinates of the x -intercept. [2]
- (e) Write down the possible values of x for which $x < 0$ and $f'(x) > 0$. [2]

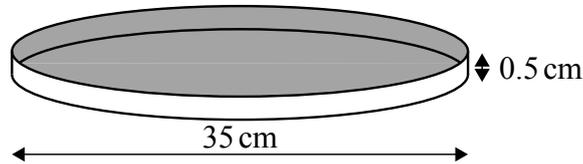
Consider a second function, $g(x) = 2x - 3$.

- (f) Find the solution of $f(x) = g(x)$. [2]

4. [Maximum mark: 15]

A pan, in which to cook a pizza, is in the shape of a cylinder. The pan has a diameter of 35 cm and a height of 0.5 cm.

diagram not to scale



(a) Calculate the volume of this pan. [3]

A chef had enough pizza dough to exactly fill the pan. The dough was in the shape of a sphere.

(b) Find the radius of the sphere in cm, correct to one decimal place. [4]

The pizza was cooked in a hot oven. Once taken out of the oven, the pizza was placed in a dining room.

The temperature, P , of the pizza, in degrees Celsius, $^{\circ}\text{C}$, can be modelled by

$$P(t) = a(2.06)^{-t} + 19, t \geq 0$$

where a is a constant and t is the time, in minutes, since the pizza was taken out of the oven.

When the pizza was taken out of the oven its temperature was 230°C .

(c) Find the value of a . [2]

(d) Find the temperature that the pizza will be 5 minutes after it is taken out of the oven. [2]

The pizza can be eaten once its temperature drops to 45°C .

(e) Calculate, to the nearest second, the time since the pizza was taken out of the oven until it can be eaten. [3]

(f) In the context of this model, state what the value of 19 represents. [1]

5. [Maximum mark: 15]

The table below shows the distribution of test grades for 50 IB students at Greendale School.

Test grade	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Frequency	1	3	7	13	11	10	5

- (a) Calculate
 - (i) the mean test grade of the students;
 - (ii) the standard deviation. [3]
- (b) Find the median test grade of the students. [1]
- (c) Find the interquartile range. [2]

A student is chosen at random from these 50 students.

- (d) Find the probability that this student scored a grade 5 or higher. [2]

A second student is chosen at random from these 50 students.

- (e) Given that the first student chosen at random scored a grade 5 or higher, find the probability that both students scored a grade 6. [3]

The number of minutes that the 50 students spent preparing for the test was normally distributed with a mean of 105 minutes and a standard deviation of 20 minutes.

- (f) (i) Calculate the probability that a student chosen at random spent at least 90 minutes preparing for the test.
- (ii) Calculate the expected number of students that spent at least 90 minutes preparing for the test. [4]

6. [Maximum mark: 16]

Consider the function $g(x) = x^3 + kx^2 - 15x + 5$.

(a) Find $g'(x)$. [3]

The tangent to the graph of $y = g(x)$ at $x = 2$ is parallel to the line $y = 21x + 7$.

(b) (i) Show that $k = 6$.
(ii) Find the equation of the tangent to the graph of $y = g(x)$ at $x = 2$. Give your answer in the form $y = mx + c$. [5]

(c) Use your answer to part (a) and the value of k , to find the x -coordinates of the stationary points of the graph of $y = g(x)$. [3]

(d) (i) Find $g'(-1)$.
(ii) Hence justify that g is decreasing at $x = -1$. [3]

(e) Find the y -coordinate of the local minimum. [2]
